Sec. X. 18 V.S.A. § 115 is amended to read:

§ 115. CHRONIC DISEASES; STUDY; PROGRAM PUBLIC HEALTH SURVEILLANCE ASSESSMENT AND PLANNING

- (a) The Department of Health may, in the discretion of the Commissioner, accept for treatment children who have chronic diseases such as cystic fibrosis and severe hemophilia or developmental disabilities.
 - (b) The State Board Commissioner of Health is authorized to:
 - (1) study the prevalence of chronic disease;
- (2) make such morbidity studies as may be necessary to evaluate the over-all problem of chronic disease and developmental disabilities;
- (3) develop an early case-finding program, in cooperation with the medical profession;
- (4) develop and carry on an educational program as to the causes, prevention and alleviation of chronic disease and developmental disabilities; and
- (5) integrate this program with that of the State rehabilitation center where possible, by seeking the early referral of persons with chronic disease, who could benefit from the State rehabilitation program adopt rules for the purpose of screening chronic diseases and developmental disabilities in newborns.
- (c) The State Board Department of Health is directed to consult and cooperate with the medical profession and interested official and voluntary agencies and societies in the development of this program.
- (d) The <u>Board Department</u> is authorized to accept contributions or gifts which are given to the State for any of the purposes as stated in this section, and the Department is

authorized to charge and retain monies to offset the cost of providing newborn screening program services.

Sec. X. 18 V.S.A. § 115a is amended to read:

§ 115a. CHRONIC DISEASES OF CHILDREN; TREATMENT

The Department of Health may, in the discretion of the Commissioner, accept for treatment children who have chronic diseases such as cystic fibrosis. [Repealed.] Sec. X. 18 V.S.A. § 5087 is amended to read:

§ 5087. ESTABLISHMENT OF BIRTH INFORMATION NETWORK

* * *

- (b) The Department of Health is authorized to collect information for the birth information network for the purpose of preventing and controlling disease, injury, and disability. The Commissioner of Health, in collaboration with appropriate partners, shall coordinate existing data systems and records to enhance the network's comprehensiveness and effectiveness, including:
 - (1) vital records (birth, death, and fetal death certificates);
 - (2) the children with special health needs database;
 - (3) newborn metabolic screening;
 - (4) a voluntary developmental screening test;
 - (5) universal newborn hearing screening;
 - (5)(6) the Hearing Outreach Program;
 - (6)(7) the cancer registry;
 - (7)(8) the lead screening registry;
 - (8)(9) the immunization registry;

(9)(10) the special supplemental nutrition program for women, infants, and children;

(10)(11) the Medicaid claims database;

(11)(12) the hospital discharge data system;

(12)(13) health records, (such as including discharge summaries, disease indexes, nursery logs, pediatric logs, and neonatal intensive care unit logs) from hospitals, outpatient specialty clinics, genetics clinics, and cytogenetics laboratories; and (13)(14) the Vermont health care claims uniform reporting and evaluation system.

* * *

Sec. X. CONGENITAL HEART DEFECT SCREENING; RULEMAKING On or before January 1, 2017, the Commissioner of Health shall adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 requiring the screening for a congenital heart defect on every newborn in the State, unless a critical congenital heart defect was detected prenatally. Screening tests for critical congenital heart defects may include pulse oximetry or other methodologies that reflect the standard of care.